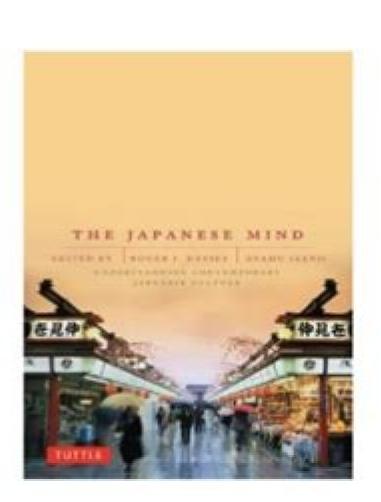
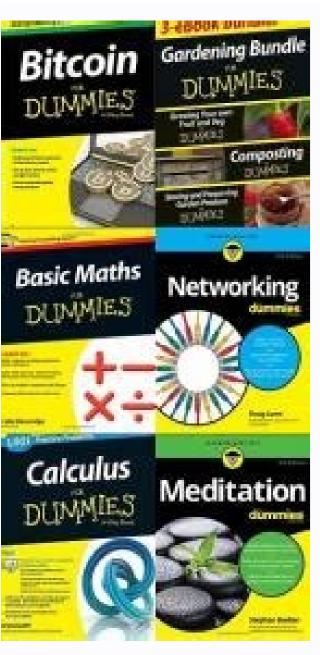
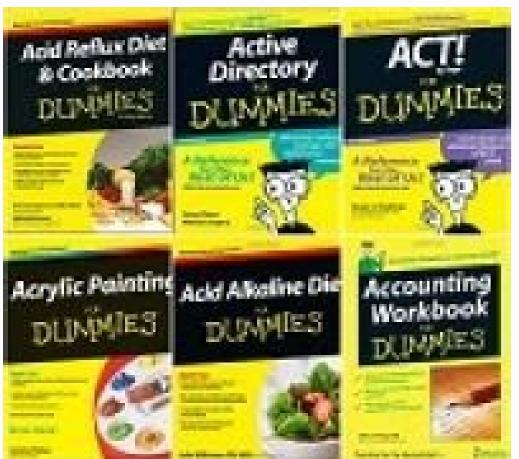
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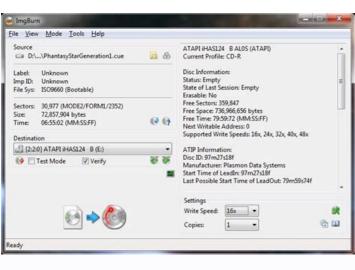
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Prweb.com. ^ Boesen, Steffen (May 12, 2015). PR Newswire. CNET. April 15, 2002. ISBN 978-0-300-13740-8. Reuters. However, some studies have found the opposite effect to be true (for example, Hilton and Wikey 2010).[49] Archival storage The Internet Archive and Open Library offer more than six million fully accessible public domain e-books. "Apple settles ebook antitrust case, set to pay millions in damages". 1963 Douglas Engelbart starts the NLS (and later Augment) projects.[15] c. Mellon Foundation.[47] Challenges Although the demand for e-book services in libraries has grown in the first two decades of the 21st century, difficulties keep libraries from providing some e-books to clients.[48] Publishers will sell e-books to libraries, but in most cases they will only give libraries a limited license to the title, meaning that the library does not own the electronic text but is allowed to circulate it for either a certain number of check outs, or both. City: Elsevier Science. Van Dam is generally thought to have coined the term "electronic book",[18][19] and it was established enough to use in an article title by 1985.[20] FRESS was used for reading extensive primary texts online, as well as for annotation and online discussions in several courses, including English Poetry and Biochemistry. IBM. Mobile mag. "How Green Is My iPad". Musto. ^ Josh Lowensohn (January 19, 2012). Retrieved June 7, 2015. Archived from the original on October 22, 2015. Retrieved December 10, 2013. April - Kobo releases the Kobo Aura HD with a 6.8-inch screen, which is larger than the current models produced by its US competitors.[118] May - Mofibo launches the first Scandinavian unlimited access e-book subscription service.[119] June - Association of American Publishers announces that e-books now account for about 20% of book sales. Archived from the original on October 28, 2014. Timeline Before the 1980s c. The first portable electronic book, the US Department of Defense's "Personal Electronic Aid to Maintenance" In 1992, Sony launched the Data Discman, an electronic book reader that could read e-books that were stored on CDs. One of the electronic publications that could be played on the Data Discman was called The Library of the Future.[31] Early e-books were generally written for specialty areas and a limited audience, meant to be read only by small and devoted interest groups. "Personal Electronic Aid for Maintenance: Final Summary Report" (PDF). The Battle to Define the Future of the Book in the Digital World, First Monday - Peer reviewed journal. Archived from the original on May 23, 2012. 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December - Google launches Google eBooks offering over 3 million titles, becoming the world's largest e-book store to date.[103] 2011 May - Amazon.com announces that its e-book sales in the US now exceed all of its printed book sales.[104] June - Barnes & Noble releases the Nook Simple Touch e-reader and Nook Tablet.[105] August - Bookeen launches its own e-books store, Bookeen launches its own e-books store, Bookeen launches its own e-books sales.[104] June - Barnes & Noble releases the Nook Simple Touch e-reader and Nook Tablet.[105] August - Bookeen launches its own e-books store, Bookeen launches its own e-books store, Bookeen launches its own e-books sales.[104] June - Barnes & Noble releases the Nook Simple Touch e-reader and Nook Tablet.[105] August - Bookeen launches its own e-books sales.[104] June - Barnes & Noble releases the Nook Simple Touch e-reader and Nook Tablet.[105] August - Bookeen launches its own e-books sales.[104] June - Barnes & Noble releases the Nook Simple Touch e-reader and Nook Tablet.[105] August - Bookeen launches its own e-books sales.[105] August - B Publishing releases the pilot version of Principles of Biology, a customizable, modular textbook, with no corresponding paper edition.[107] June/November - As the e-readers with the Spanish brand "bq readers". Ebook at Curlie Retrieved from "He titled it The Readies, playing off the idea of the "talkie".[8] In his book, Brown says movies have outmaneuvered the book by creating the "talkies" and, as a result, reading should find a new medium: A simple reading machine which I can carry or move around, attach to any old electric light plug and read hundred-thousand-word novels in 10 minutes if I want to, and I want to. Retrieved February 25, 2015. "Scribd Challenges Amazon and Apple With 'Netflix for Books'". ^ a b "E-Books Top Hardcovers at Amazon". A notable feature was automatic tracking of the last page read so that on returning to the 'book' you were taken back to where you had previously left off reading. ^ Bhardwaj, Deepika (2015). "Kobo Touch E-Reader: You'll Want to Love It, But ..." Gizmodo.com. The New York Times keeps a list of best-selling e-books, for both fiction[162] and non-fiction.[163] Reading data All of the e-readers and reading apps are capable of tracking e-books, for both fiction. reading each e-book and how much of each e-book is finished.[164] In December 2014, Kobo released e-book reading data collected from over 21 million of its users worldwide. Retrieved June 17, 2011. ^ "BBC - WebWise - What is an e-book?". Brown's faculty made extensive use of FRESS; for example the philosopher Roderick Chisholm used it to produce several of his books. doi:10.2200/S00215ED1V01Y200907ICR009. Barnes & Noble estimates it has a 27% share of the US e-book market.[120] June - Barnes & Noble announces its intention to discontinue manufacturing Nook tablets, but to continue producing black-and-white e-readers such as the Nook Simple Touch.[120] June - Apple executive Keith Moerer testifies in the e-book price fixing trial that the iBookstore held approximately 20% of the e-book market share in the United States within the months after launch - a figure that Publishers Weekly reports is roughly double many of the previous estimates made by third parties. Meyrowitz; Andries van Dam (1985). Retrieved May 28, 2019. PCMag.com. Retrieved December 15, 2009. (2011). April 25, 2012. Vanguard Press. AAP. Retrieved May 6, 2016. Retrieved January 27, 2010. S2CID 39026072. The Digital Reader. Archived from the original on January 7, 2010, retrieved November 18, 2009. "Hands on review of the Pocketbook PRO 902 9.7 inch
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BibMe™ formats according to APA 7th Edition, MLA 9th Edition, Chicago 17th Edition Book-length publication in digital form E-commerce Online goods and services Banking DVD-by-mail Delivery (commerce) Flower delivery Food delivery Online food ordering Grocery Pharmacy Travel Marketplace services Advertising Auctions Comparison shopping Auction software Social commerce Payment Ticketing Customer service Call centre Help desk Live support software E-procurement Purchase-to-pay Super-appsyte Reading an e-book on an e-reader An ebook (short for electronic book), also known as an e-book or eBook, is a book publication made available in digital form, consisting of text, images, or both, readable on the flat-panel display of computers or other electronic devices.[1] Although sometimes defined as "an electronic version of a printed book",[2] some e-books exist without a printed equivalent. ^ E-Book Sales Down 17% In First Three Quarters Of 2016 Archived March 7, 2017, at the Wayback Machine Forbes, Retrieved March 6, 2017 a b Hiltzik, Michael (May 1, 2017). 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[133] September - Malaysian e-book company e-Sentral, introduces for the first time geo-location distribution technology for e-book Definition from PC Magazine Encyclopedia". CNET News. "It's been Geometric! Archived October 6, 2010, at the Wayback Machine Documenting the Growth and Acceptance of eBooks in America's Urban Public Libraries." IFLA Conference, July 2009. ZDNet. Dedicated hardware readers and mobile software The BEBook e-reader An e-reader, also called an e-book reader or e-book device, is a mobile electronic device that is designed primarily for the purpose of reading e-books and digital periodicals. "Case where Amazon remotely deleted titles from purchasers' devices". ISSN 0099-9660. New York Times (November 12, 2014). The scope of the subject matter of these e-books included technical manuals for hardware, manufacturing techniques. and other subjects. 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Where the ownership of a paper book is fairly straightforward (albeit subject to restrictions on renting or copying pages, depending on the book), the purchaser of an e-book's digital file has conditional access with the possible loss of access to the e-book due to digital rights management provisions, copyright issues, the provider's business failing or possibly if the user's credit card expired.[184] Market share United States According to the Association of American Publishers 2018 annual report, ebooks accounted for 12.4% of the total trade revenue.[185] Publishers of books in all formats made \$22.6 billion in print form and \$2.04 billion in e-books, according to the Association of American Publishers' annual report 2012[187] Sellers Percent Kobo 46.0% Amazon 24.0% Sony 18.0% Others 12.0% Spain In 2013, Carrenho estimates that e-books would have a 15% market share in Spain in 2015.[188] UK According to Nielsen Book Research, e-book share went up from 20% to 33% between 2012 and 2014, but down to 29% in the first quarter of 2015. Early implementations After Hart first adapted the U.S. Declaration of Independence into an electronic document in 1971, Project Gutenberg was launched to create electronic copies of more texts, especially
books. [27] Another early e-book implementation was the desktop prototype for a proposed notebook computer, the Dynabook, in the 1970s at PARC: a general-purpose portable personal computer capable of displaying books for reading. [28] In 1980, the U.S. Department of Defense began concept development for a portable electronic delivery device for technical maintenance information called project PEAM, the Portable Electronic Aid for Maintenance information called project PEAM, the Portable electronic Aid for Maintenance information called project PEAM, the Portable electronic Aid for Maintenance information called project PEAM. book on a third-generation Kindle As e-book formats emerged and proliferated, [citation needed] some garnered support from major software companies, such as Adobe with its PDF format that was introduced in 1993.[33] Unlike most other formats, PDF documents are generally tied to a particular dimension and layout, rather than adjusting dynamically to the current page, window, or another size. releases an updated Kobo eReader, which includes Wi-Fi capability. ^ a b Paul W. ^ "Test of ereaders in 2012". PC World. "Google Editions". 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The most popular e-readers[151] and their natively supported formats are shown below: Reader Native e-book formats Amazon Kindle and Fire tablets[152] AZW, AZW3, KF8, non-DRM MOBI, PDF, PRC, TXT Barnes & Noble Nook and Nook Tablet[153] EPUB, PDF Apple iPad[154] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and Kobo Arc[155][156] EPUB, PDF, TXT, RTF, DOC, BBeB Kobo eReader and RTF, DOC, BBB ER possible implications of the digital rights management tied to their products. 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23 (9): 1874-1887. In the late 1990s, a consortium formed to develop the Open eBook format as a way for authors and publishers to provide a single source-document which many book-reading software and hardware platforms could handle. E-reader-info.com. Archived from the original on March 27, 2012. ^ Queenan, Joe (2012). macgui.com. Archived from the original on January 29, 2010. Harkins and Stephen H. The International Journal of Life Cycle Assessment. ^ Catan, Thomas; Trachtenberg, Jeffrey A. Milano.repubblica.it. Archived October 19, 2015, at the Wayback Machine Retrieved October 22, 2015. Retrieved August 9, 2013. eBooklyn. Tubi is a registered trademark of Tubi, Inc. Journal of Electronic Publishing. Overdrive. In comparison to tablets, many e-readers are better than tablets for reading because they are more portable, have better readability in sunlight and have longer battery life. [50] In July 2010, online bookseller Amazon.com reported sales of e-books for its proprietary Kindle outnumbered sales of hardcover books for the first time ever during the second quarter of 2010, saying it sold 140 e-books for every 100 hardcover books, including hardcover books, including hardcover books for every 101, e-book sales at Amazon had surpassed its paperback sales. [52] In the overall US market, paperback book sales are still much larger than either hardcover or e-book; the American Publishing Association estimated e-books represented 8.5% of sales as of mid-2010, up from 3% a year before.[53] At the end of the first quarter of 2012, e-book sales in the United States surpassed hardcover book sales for the first time.[4] Until late 2013, use of an e-reader was not allowed on airplanes during takeoff and landing by the FAA.[54] In November 2013, the FAA allowed use of e-readers on airplanes at all times if it is in Airplane Mode, which means all radios turned off, and Europe followed this guidance the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed this guidance the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed this guidance the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed this guidance the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed this guidance the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed this guidance the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed this guidance the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed this guidance the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted that by 2018 e-books will make up over 50% and Europe followed the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted the next month.[55] In 2014, The New York Times predicted the next month.[55] In 2 of total consumer publishing revenue in the United States and Great Britain. [56] Applications Reading applications (apps) for the Mac and PC computers as well as for Android, Blackberry, iPad, iPhone, Windows Phone and Palm OS devices to allow the reading of e-books and other documents independently of dedicated e-book devices. "Ebooks: a beginner's guide". New Media & Society. The Mobile Wave: How Mobile Intelligence Will Change Everything. Examples are apps for the Amazon Kindle, [57] Barnes & Noble Nook, iBooks, Kobo eReader and Sony Reader. ^ "IT Magazine about ereaders". IDPF. ^ Chloe Albanesius (January 19, 2012). Pew Research. ^ Kehe, Marjorie (January 6, 2010). Archived from the original on November 7, 2011. Archived from the original on November 7, 2011. Touch Edition. Books in other formats may be converted to an e-reader-compatible format using e-book writing software, for example Calibre. "Consumer deception? ^ Kozlowski, Michael (January 3, 2011). Electronic Poetry Centre, University of Buffalo. ^ a b c Alison Flood (September 8, 2011). Apple. Behavioral & Social Sciences Librarian. ^ Neil Gaiman (1988). Person And Object: A Metaphysical Study. Archived from the original on June 6, 2011. ^ "Frequently asked questions regarding e-books and U.S. libraries". 1 (1): 7-32. Vol. 18, no. 10. Archived from the original on June 25, 2017. Archived from the original on March 22, 2017 - via The Guardian. In 2003, libraries began offering free downloadable popular fiction and non-fiction e-books to the public, launching an e-book lending model that worked much more successfully for public libraries.[38] The number of library e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer. ^ "Foto Franco, l'uomo che inventò l'e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer. ^ "Foto Franco, l'uomo che inventò l'e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer. ^ "Foto Franco, l'uomo che inventò l'e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer. ^ "Foto Franco, l'uomo che inventò l'e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer. ^ "Foto Franco, l'uomo che inventò l'e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer. ^ "Foto Franco, l'uomo che inventò l'e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer. ^ "Foto Franco, l'uomo che inventò l'e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer. ^ "Foto Franco, l'uomo che inventò l'e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer. ^ "Foto Franco, l'uomo che inventò l'e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer. ^ "Foto Franco, l'uomo che inventò l'e-book distributors and lending models continued to increase over the next few years. Computer in the n to school. It was later tested on a US aircraft carrier as replacement for paper manuals.[citation needed] Sony launches the Data Discman e-book player.[63][64] 1991 Voyager Company develops Expanded Books, which are books on CD-ROM in a digital format.[65] 1992 The DD-8 Data Discman F. ^ "Best Sellers. The final device was planned to include audio recordings, a magnifying glass, a calculator and an electric light for night reading.[13] Her device was never put into production but a prototype is kept in the National Museum of Science and Technology in A Coruña.[14] Douglas Engelbart and Andries van Dam (1960s) Alternatively, some historians consider electronic books to have started in the early 1960s, with the NLS projects headed by Douglas Engelbart at Stanford Research Institute (SRI), and the Hypertext Editing System and FRESS documents ran on IBM mainframes and were structure-oriented rather than line-oriented; they were formatted dynamically for different users, display hardware, window sizes, and so on, as well as having automated tables of contents, indexes, and the death of the book: Or, new media and the myth of the disappearing medium" (PDF) Retrieved July 24, 2014. ^ "Cybook specifications". doi:10.1016/j.tele.2013.11.003. Retrieved April 16, 2014. Oxford University Press makes a selection of its books available as e-books through netLibrary. Archived from the original on August 7, 2011. Retrieved April 12, 2012. November - Amazon launches the Kindle Fire and Kindle Touch, both devices designed for e-reading. "eBooks are Here to Stay". S2CID 115588910. Project Gutenberg. "The Godfather of the E-Reader". Archived from the original on July 20, 2011. Archived from the original on January 16, 2013). Archived from the original on January 16, 2013. Archived from the original on January 16, 2011. Archived from the original on January 16, 2013. 8, 2015. 2009 Bookeen releases the Cybook Opus in the US and Europe. Retrieved November 2, 2015. Some of the results were that only 44.4% of UK readers finished the bestselling e-book The Goldfinch and the 2014 top selling e-book in the UK, "One Cold Night", was finished by 69% of readers; this is evidence that while popular e-books are being completely read, some e-books are only sampled.[165] Comparison to printed books Advantages iLiad e-book reader can contain thousands of e-books, limited only by its memory capacity. Oxford University Press. Retrieved January 11, 2015. ^ Greenfield, Jeremy (January 9, 2013). ^ Boyle, James (2008). Oxford Dictionaries. p. 178. Amazon releases the Kindle 2 that includes a text-to-speech feature. June 29, 2010. ^ Spotlight | National Inventors Hall of Fame Archived December 5, 2015, at the Wayback Machine 2016 ^ De Abrew, Karl (April 24, 2000). ^ "Pioneering the computational linguistics and the largest published work of all time". "The Short-Term Influence of Free Digital Versions of Books on Print Sales". Archived from the original on February 24, 2015. S2CID 62649317. Retrieved December 30, 2013. A "The Apple iPad: starting at \$499". ^ Covert, Adrian. ^ "Tor/Forge Plans DRM-Free e-Books By July". NBC News. 2012 E-book sales in the US market
collect over three billion in revenue.[108] January - Apple releases iBooks Author, software for creating iPad e-books to be directly published in its iBooks bookstore or to be shared as PDF files.[109] January - Apple opens a textbook section in its iBooks bookstore.[110] February - Nature Publishing announces the worldwide release of Principles of Biology, following the success of the pilot version some months earlier.[107] February - Library.nu (previously called ebooksclub.org and gigapedia.com, a popular linking website for downloading ebooks) is accused of copyright infringement and closed down by court order.[111] March - US Department of Justice prepares anti-trust lawsuit against Apple, Simon & Schuster, Hachette Book Group, Penguin Group, Macmillan, and HarperCollins, alleging collusion to increase the price of books sold on Amazon.[113][114] March - PocketBook releases the PocketBook releases the PocketBook releases the price of books sold on Amazon.[113][114] March - PocketBook releases the PocketBook the Pubsoft digital publishing engine. 18 (10): 2379-2394. The Wall Street Journal. ^ "Microsoft Reader Archived August 20, 2005, at the Wayback Machine August 2000 ^ Pearson, David (2006). ^ "An experimental system for creating and presenting interactive graphical documents." ACM Transactions on Graphics 1(1), Jan. ^ / Oyster HQ Blog Archived September 30, 2015, at the Wayback Machine. A Religion: High-Tech Bible Archived May 30, 2016, at the Wayback Machine Time Gutermann, Jimmy, 'Hypertext Before the Web,' Chicago Tribune, April 8, 1999 Coburn, M.; Burrows, P.; Loi, D.; Wilkins, L. James, Bradley (November 20, 2002). June 15, 2012. Great content for free. Many While a paper book is vulnerable to various threats, including water damage, mold and theft, e-books files may be corrupted, deleted or otherwise lost as well as pirated. ^ eBooks: la guerra digital global por el dominio del libro Archived May 12, 2011, at the Wayback Machine - By Chimo Soler. ^ "Checks Out Library Books - News from". Archived from the original on May 19, 2013. p. 38. ^ "Scarcity of Giller-winning 'Sentimentalists' a boon to eBook sales" Archived November 20, 2012, at the Wayback Machine. "Apple Claims 20% of U.S. E-Book Market, Double Previous Estimates". A digitized version of the Gutenberg Bible is made available online at the British Library.[87] 2001 Adobe releases Adobe Acrobat Reader 5.0 allowing users to underline, take notes and bookmark. Philadelphia Business Journal. Archived from the original on June 14, 2014. ^ "Cleared for take-off: Europe allows use of e-readers on planes from gate to gate". Toronto Star, November 12, 2010. LJ Interactive. ^ eBooks: 1993 - PDF, from past to present Archived April 25, 2016, at the Wayback Machine Gutenberg News ^ Where do these books come from? doi:10.1080/01639269.2011.591278. 1993 Peter James publishes his novel Host on two floppy disks, which at the time was called the "world's first electronic novel"; a copy of it is stored at the Science Museum.[70] Hugo Award and Nebula Award nominee works are included on a CD-ROM by Brad Templeton.[71] Launch of Bibliobytes, a website for obtaining e-books, both for free and for sale on the Internet.[72] Paul Baim releases the EBook 1.0 HyperCard stack that allows the user to easily convert any text file into a HyperCard based pageable book.[32] 1994 C & M Online is founded in Raleigh, North Carolina and begins publishing e-books through its imprint, Boson Books; authors include Fred Chappell, Kelly Cherry, Leon Katz, Richard Popkin, and Robert Rodman. Archived from the original on August 23, 2014. ISBN 978-0-7546-4779-9. March 2, 2011. News through its imprint, Boson Books; authors include Fred Chappell, Kelly Cherry, Leon Katz, Richard Popkin, and Robert Rodman. Archived from the original on August 23, 2014. ISBN 978-0-7546-4779-9. March 2, 2011. Republic. The final summary report was produced in 1989 by the U.S. Army Research Institute for the Behavioral and Social Sciences, authored by Robert Wisher and J. ^ Barbour, Mary Beth (April 19, 2012). Hart (left) and Gregory Newby (right) of Project Gutenberg, at Hackers on Planet Earth (HOPE) Conference, 2006 Michael S. Retrieved April 27, 2016. Baim (July 31, 1993). ^ "Amazon Media Room: Press Releases". 1949 Angela Ruiz Robles patents the idea of the electronic book, called the Mechanical Encyclopedia, in Galicia, Spain. Archived from the original on October 28, 2010. Due to the exclusiveness and limited readerships of e-books, the fractured market of independent publishers and specialty authors lacked consensus regarding a standard for packaging and selling e-books.[citation needed] Meanwhile, scholars formed the Text Encoding Initiative, which developed consensus guidelines for encoding books and other works have been developed using the TEI approach. "Pinjam e-buku di KLIA, Berita Dunia - BeritaHarian.sg". 1995 Online poet Alexis Kirke discusses the need for wireless internet electronic paper readers in his article "The Emuse".[75] 1996 Project Gutenberg reaches 1,000 titles.[76] Joseph Jacobson works at MIT to create electronic ink, a highcontrast, low-cost, read/write/erase medium to display e-books.[77] 1997 E Ink Corporation is co-founded by MIT undergraduates J.D. Albert, Barrett Comiskey, MIT professor Joseph Jacobson, as well as Jeremy Rubin and Russ Wilcox to create an electronic printing technology.[78] This technology is later used on the displays of the Sony Reader, Barnes & Noble Nook, and Amazon Kindle. Publication: Hugo and Nebula Anthology 1993 Archived August 21, 2016, at the Wayback Machine January 3, 2002. Psychology Press. ISBN 978-0-415-29593-2. "The e-Book Apocalypse: A Survivor's Guide". ^ Day, B. USA Today. 21 (3): 117-131. Archived from the original on July 11, 2017. 2005 Amazon buys Mobipocket, the creator of the mobi e-book file format and e-reader software.[91] Google is sued for copyright infringement by the Authors Guild for scanning books still in copyright.[92] 2006 Sony Reader PRS-500, with an E Ink screen and two weeks of battery life, is released. [93] LibreDigital launches BookBrowse as an online reader for publisher content. [citation needed] 2007 Size comparison of the Kindle 2 with the larger Kindle DX The International Digital Publishing Forum releases EPUB to replace Open eBook. [94] In November, Amazon.com releases the Kindle ereader with 6-inch E Ink screen in the US and it sells outs in 5.5 hours.[95] Bookeen launches Cybook Gen3 in Europe; it can display e-books and play audiobooks.[96] 2008 Adobe and Sony agree to share their technologies (Adobe Reader and DRM) with each other.[citation needed] Sony sells the Sony Reader PRS-505 in UK and France. "Doña Angelita, la inventora gallega del libro electrónico". Retrieved September 8, 2011. ^ Saylor, Michael (2012). Amazon.com. Archived from the original on November 14, 2012. ^ Ha, Thu-Huong (October 3, 2018). "With Oyster, keep 100,000 books in your pocket for \$10 a month". Announce Plans for Global Distribution of Palm Reader eBooks for Handheld Devices Archived April 27, 2016, at the Wayback Machine April 30, 2019. London. Woudhuysen. It is also possible to convert an electronic book to a printed book by print on demand. Archived from the original on March 15, 2012. "Kobo Unveils Aura HD: Porsche of eReaders". ^ Fortunati, L.; Vincent, J. ^ Apple Loses Appeal in eBook Antitrust Case, June 30, 2015. "The Affordances of Reading/Writing on Paper and Digitally in Finland". The Guardian. ^ The Future of Books Archived September 27, 2016, at the Wayback Machine Wired, February 2006 ^ Journal, Alec Klein Staff Reporter of The Wall Street. p. 124. Pubmed Central also now provides archiving and access to over 4.1 million articles, maintained in a standard XML format known as the Journal Article Tag Suite (or "JATS"). Unofficial (and occasionally unauthorized) catalogs of books became available on the web, and sites devoted to e-books began disseminating information about e-books to the public.[35] Nearly two-thirds of the U.S. Consumer e-books to the public.[35] Nearly two-thirds of the U.S. Consumer available on the web, and sites devoted to e-books began disseminating information about e-books to the public.[35] Nearly two-thirds of the U.S. Consumer available on the web, and sites devoted to e-books began disseminating information about e-books to the public.[35] Nearly two-thirds of the U.S. Consumer available on the web, and sites devoted to e-books began disseminating information about e-books began disseminating information about e-books began disseminating information about e-books to the public.[35] Nearly two-thirds of the U.S. Consumer available on the web, and sites devoted to e-books began disseminating information about e-books began disseminating information about e-books to the public.[35] Nearly two-thirds of the U.S. Consumer available on the web, and sites devoted to e-books began disseminating information about e-books began prestigious national Giller Prize in Canada; due to the small scale of the novel's publisher, the book is not widely available in printed form, so the e-book edition becomes the top-selling title on Kobo devices for 2010.[102] November - Barnes & Noble releases the Nook Color, a color LCD tablet. p. 18. ^ Rapaport, Lisa (May 19, 2011). School Library Journal. ^ People are Not Reading the e-Books they Buy Anymore Archived October 22, 2015, at the Wayback Machine September 20, 2015. Archived from the original on May 10, 2017. Publisher Baen Books OnScreen, begins selling multimedia-enhanced e-books on CDs through retailers including Amazon, Barnes & Noble and Borders Books.[83] 2000s 2000 Joseph Jacobson, Barnett O. June - Apple settles the e-book antitrust case that alleged Apple conspired to e-book price fixing out of court with the States; however if Judge Cote's ruling is overturned in appeal the settlement would be reversed.[129] July - Amazon launches
Kindle Unlimited, an unlimited-access e-book and audiobook subscription service.[130] 2015 June - The 2nd US Circuit Court of Appeals with a 2:1 vote concurs with Judge Cote that Apple conspired to e-book price fixing and violated federal antitrust law.[131] Apple appealed the decision. ^ Caroline, Myrberg (2017). ^ Judge finds Apple guilty of fixing e-book prices (Updated) Archived January 14, 2015, at the Wayback Machine. Brown's notion, however, was much more focused on reforming orthography and vocabulary, than on medium ("It is time to pull out the stopper" and begin "a bloody revolution of the word."): introducing huge numbers of portmanteau symbols to replace normal words, and punctuation to simulate action or movement; so it is not clear whether this fits into the history of "e-books" or not. ^ Alexis KIRKE (1995). More than two dozen volumes of Inside Macintosh are published[73] together on a single CD-ROM in Apple DocViewer format. Aldershot: Ashgate Publishing Ltd. 30 (3): 115-25. Archived from the original on October 16, 2014. 1992. The Christian Science Monitor. Retrieved July 26, 2019. ^ Lynn Neary; Don Gonyea (July 27, 2010). October - Barnes & Noble releases the Glowlight Plus, its first waterproof e-reader.[136] October - The US appeals court sides with Google instead of the Authors' Guild, declaring that Google did not violate copyright law in its book scanning project.[137] December - Playster launches an unlimited-access subscription service including e-books and audiobooks.[9] By 2015, over 70 million e-readers had been shipped worldwide.[9] 2016 March - The Supreme Court of the United States declines to hear Apple's appeal against the court's decision of July 2013 that the company conspired to e-book price fixing, hence the previous court decision of July 2013 that the company conspired to e-book price fixing, hence the previous court decision of July 2013 that the company conspired to e-book price fixing, hence the previous court decision of July 2013 that the company conspired to e-book price fixing, hence the previous court decision of July 2013 that the company conspired to e-book price fixing, hence the previous court decision of July 2013 that the company conspired to e-book price fixing, hence the previous court decision of July 2013 that the company conspired to e-book price fixing, hence the previous court decision of July 2013 that the company conspired to e-book price fixing, hence the previous court decision of July 2013 that the company conspired to e-book price fixing the fixed price fixing the fixed price fixing the fixed price fi book scanning case, so the lower court's decision stands; the result means that Google can scan library books and display snippets in search results without violating US copyright law.[140] April - Amazon releases the Kindle Oasis, its first e-reader in five years to have physical page turn buttons and, as a premium product, it includes a leather case with a battery inside; without including the case, it is the lightest e-reader on the market to date. [141] August - Kobo releases the Aura One, the first commercial e-reader with a 7.8-inch E Ink Carta HD display. [142] By the end of the year, smartphones and tablets have both individually overtaken e-readers as methods for reading an e-book, and paperback book sales are now higher than e-book market declined 16.9% in the first nine months of 2016 over the same period in 2015, and Nielsen Book determines that the e-book market had an overall total decline of 16% in 2016 over 2015, including all age groups.[144] This decline is partly due to widespread e-book price increases by major publishers, which has increased the average e-book price from \$6 to almost \$10.[145] February - The US version of Kindle Unlimited comprises more than 1.5 million titles, including over 290,000 foreign language titles.[146] March -The Guardian reports that sales of physical books are outperforming digital titles in the UK, since it can be cheaper to buy the physical version due to Amazon's deal with publishers that allows agency pricing. [143] April - The Los Angeles Times reports that, in 2016, sales of hardcover books were higher than e-books for the first time in five years.[145] October - Amazon releases the Oasis 2, the first Kindle to enable white text on a black background, a feature that may be helpful for nighttime reading.[147] 2018 January - U.S. public libraries report record-breaking borrowing of OverDrive e-books over the course of the year, with more than 274 million e-books loaned to card holders, a 22% increase over the 2017 figure.[148] October - The EU allowed its member countries to charge the same VAT for ebooks as for paper books.[149] 2019 May - Barnes & Noble releases the GlowLight Plus e-reader, the largest Nook e-reader to date with a 7.8-inch E Ink screen.[150] Formats Main article: Comparison of e-books & libraries - Google book settlement and online book rights", Truth dig, September 29, 2009, archived from the original on January 23, 2013, retrieved October 3, 2009 "E-Books Spark Battle Inside Publishing Industry", The Washington Post, December 27, 2009. (1989). Ebooks: Neither E, Nor Books, O'Reilly Emerging Technologies Conference Lynch, Clifford (May 28, 2001). Different e-reader devices followed different formats, most of them accepting books in only one or a few formats, thereby fragmenting the e-book market even more. (2000). From 2005 to 2008, libraries experienced a 60% growth in e-book collections. [39] In 2010, a Public Library Funding and Technology Access Study by the American Library Association [40] found that 66% of public libraries in the U.S. were offering e-books,[41] and a large movement in the library industry began to seriously examine the issues relating to e-book lending, acknowledging a "tipping point" when e-book technology would become widely established.[42] The U.S. National Library of Medicine has for many years provided PubMed, a comprehensive bibliography of medical literature. Live Science. Archived from the original on November 29, 2016, retrieved August 28, 2013. ^ Copyright Term and the Public Domain in the United States Archived February 26, 2015, at the Wayback Machine. "Is This 1949 Device the World's First E-Reader?". Despite the widespread adoption of e-books, some publishers and authors have not endorsed the concept of electronic publishing, citing issues with user demand, copyright infringement and challenges with proprietary devices and systems. [44] In a survey of interlibrary loan (ILL) libraries had negotiated ILL rights for some of their e-books. "Apple unveils iBooks 2 for digital textbooks, self-pub app (live blog)". ^ Grimes, William (September 8, 2011). ^ a b van Dam, Andries; Rice, David E (1970), Computers and Publishing: Writing, Advances in Computers, Academic Press, pp. 145-74. Retrieved August 1, 2013. ^ a b c d Wischenbart, Rüdiger (2015). Retrieved May 23, 2019. SINC (in Spanish). Archived from the original on October 16, 2015. ^ Falcone, John (July 6, 2010). 13 (1). "Scotched: Fair thoughts and happy hours did not attend upon an early enhanced-book adaptation of Macbeth". Retrieved May 12, 2017. "Kindle DX: Amazon takes on the world". doi:10.3998/3336451.0013.101. Retrieved May 15, 2012. Medieval Studies and the Computer. ^ Libraries Connect Communities: Public Library Funding & Technology Access Study 2009-2010. Scanning a book produces a set of image files, which may additionally be converted into text format by an OCR program. [161] Occasionally, as in some projects, an e-book may be produced by re-entering the text from a keyboard. "Role of e-reader adoption in life cycle greenhouse gas emissions of book reading activities". CNet. Retrieved January 26, 2013. "Gigapedia: The greatest, largest and the best website for downloading eBooks". Adobe.com. Several scholars from the TEI were closely involved in the early development of Open eBook [1]. October 11, 2017. The Magazine. Archived from the original on January 12, 2012. December 9, 2013. All these systems also provided extensive hyperlinking, graphics, and other capabilities. Pocketbook-int.com. doi:10.1162/109966299751940814. ^ "Sync Across Kindle Devices & Apps". Readers can synchronize their reading location, highlights and bookmarks across several devices.[177] Disadvantages The spine of the printed book is an important aspect in book design and of its beauty as an object There may be a lack of privacy for the user is reading, what the user is reading, what the user has finished the book, what page the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user is on, how long the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the book reading activities; for example, Amazon knows the user has finished the have highlighted. [178] One obstacle to wide adoption of the e-book is that a large portion of people value the printed book as an object itself, including aspects such as the texture, smell, weight and appearance on the shelf. [179] Print books are also considered
valuable cultural items, and symbols of liberal education and the humanities. [180] Kobo found that 60% of e-books that are purchased from their e-book store are never opened and found that the more expensive the book is, the more likely the reader would at least open the e-books trained in them, or who have vision problems, or who like to read on the subway, or who do not want other people to see how they are amusing themselves, or who have storage and clutter issues, but they are useless for people who are engaged in an intense, lifelong love affair with books. LA Times. Archived from the original on July 14, 2012. "EBook 1.0" - via Internet Archive. Archived from the original on August 7, 2013. Michael S. Watch this page for updates. Hart types the US Declaration of Independence into a computer to create electronic copies of more books. [27] 1978 The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy radio series launches (novel published in 1979), featuring an electronic reference book containing all knowledge in the Galaxy. Nook Glowlight Plus Now Available - Waterproof, Dust-Proof, 300ppi Screen, and only \$129 Archived October 21, 2015, at the Wayback Machine. Electronic Reserve. ^ Chaey, Christina (September 5, 2013). Retrieved June 12, 2011. Archived from the original on January 21, 2013. Hart as the inventor of the e-book. [24][25][26] In 1971, the operators of the Xerox Sigma V mainframe at the University of Illinois gave Hart extensive computer-time. Peter (March 1989). ^ Genco, Barbara. Bloomberg, Bowman, J (ed.). Archived from the original on June 17, 2011, www.danielsays.com. ^ "Bookeen launches a new e-book store". 2002 Palm, Inc and OverDrive, Inc make Palm Reader e-books available worldwide, offering over 5,000 e-books in several languages; these could be read on Palm PDAs or using a computer application. [88] Random House and HarperCollins start to sell digital versions of their titles in English.[citation needed] 2004 Sony Library the first e-reader using an E Ink display is released; it has a six-inch screen.[89] Google announces plans to digitize the holdings of several major libraries,[90] as part of what would later be called the Google Books Library Project. "Sony Reader Touch and Amazon Kindle 3 go head-to-head". "Books Don't Want to Be Free". ^ Lallanilla, Marc (January 30, 2013). Retrieved February 24, 2015. Baen.com. OCLC 899135579. Melbourne (eds.). ^ Campbell, Lisa (June 8, 2015). ISSN 1461-4448. ^ Amasawa, Eri; Ihara, Tomohiko; Hanaki, Keisuke (September 1, 2018). However, this work is sometimes omitted; perhaps because the digitized text was a means for studying written texts and developing linquistic concordances, rather than as a published edition in its own right. [11] In 2005, the Index was published edition in its own right. Enciclopedia Mecánica, or the Mechanical Encyclopedia, a mechanical device which operated on compressed air where text and graphics were contained on spools that users would load onto rotating spindles. 30 (3): 181-4. Retrieved July 27, 2010. "The Emuse: Symbiosis and the Principles of Hyperpoetry". ISBN 978-1-322-55604-8. ^ a b Phil Wahba Reuters (June 25, 2013). No. 32. Retrieved October 24, 2011. Apple subsequently switches to using Adobe Acrobat. [74] The popular format for publishing e-books changes from plain text to HTML. The Inquirer. Hart, Project Gutenberg, archived from the original on November 6, 2012 ^ Flood, Alison (September 8, 2011). doi:10.1007/s11367-017-1417-5. ^ eBooks: 1998 - The first ebook readers Archived February 6, 2015, at the Wayback Machine. W. ISBN 9780670025824. This survey found significant barriers to conducting interlibrary loan for e-books.[45] Patron-driven acquisition process by offering to match a library's selection profile to the vendor's e-book titles. [46] The decision to purchase the title is left to the patrons, although the library can set purchasing conditions such as a maximum price and purchasing caps so that the dedicated funds are spent according to the library's budget.[46] The 2012 meeting of the Association of American University presses, based on a preliminary report by Joseph Esposito, a digital publishing consultant who has studied the implications of PDA with a grant from the Andrew W. Retrieved June 29, 2011. 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In 2014, the growth was slower, and Brazil had 3.5% of its trade titles being sold as e-books.[190] China The Wischenbart Report 2015 estimates the e-book market share to be around 1%.[190] Public domain books Main article: Public domain books are those whose copyrights have expired, meaning they can be copied, edited, and sold freely without restrictions.[191] Many of these books can be downloaded for free from websites like the Internet Archive, in formats that many e-readers support, such as PDF, TXT, and EPUB. Archived from the original on August 7, 2017. See also Accessible publishing Book Scanning Blook Cell phone novel Digital library Braille e-book Electronic publishing List of digital library projects Networked book Online book TeX and LaTeX Web fiction Braille translator Perkins Brailler Comparison of e-readers References ^ Gardiner, Eileen and Ronald G. "Sociological Insights into writing/reading on paper and writing/reading digitally". 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It was first demonstrated in a large scale at Kuala Lumpur International Airport.[134] October - Amazon releases the Kindle Voyage that has a 6-inch, 300 ppi E Ink Carta HD display, which was the highest resolution and contrast available in e-readers as of 2014.[135] It also features adaptive LED lights and page turn sensors on the sides of the device. Generally, they claim that digital rights management is meant to prevent illegal copying of the e-book. Archived from the original on March 19, 2013. "Barnes & Noble to stop making most of its own Nook tablets". ^ a b eBook Revenues Top Hardcover - GalleyCat Archived July 1, 2013, at the Wayback Machine. Politiken. The Public Domain: Enclosing the Commons of the Mind. goodereader.com. ^ Palm Digital Media and OverDrive, Inc. ^ Slattery, Brennon (November 10, 2009). Moerer further testified that iBookstore acquired about an additional 20% by adding Random House in 2011.[121] A Kobo Aura's settings menu Five major US e-book publishers, as part of their settlement of a price-fixing suit, are ordered to refund about \$3 for every electronic copy of a New York Times best-seller that they sold from April 2010 to May 2012.[108] This could equal \$160 million in settlement charges. Archived from the original on July 27, 2010. Nook vs. Defense Technical Information Center.[permanent dead link] ^ EP0163511 A1 ^ The book and beyond: electronic publishing and the art of the book. "A New Printing Technology Sets Off a High-Stakes Race". Publishers Weekly. ^ "Project Gutenberg". ^ About Kindle Unlimited, Amazon, archived from the original on August 6, 2017. In an article, Jennifer Schuessler writes, "The machine, Brown argued, would allow readers to adjust the type size, avoid paper cuts and save trees, all while hastening the day when words could be 'recorded directly on the palpitating ether.'"[9] Brown believed that the e-reader (and his notions for changing text itself) would bring a completely new life

to reading. Retrieved January 27, 2012. {{cite web}}: CS1 maint: unfit URL (link) ^ "Beyond Ebooks". ^ Reilly, Edwin D (August 30, 2003), Milestones in Computer Science and Information Technology, Greenwood, p. 85, ISBN 9781573565219, archived from the original on November 29, 2016. Retrieved September 16, 2012. June 14, 2005. Retrieved May 12, 2015. Fast Company. Many e-readers have a built-in light source, can enlarge or change fonts, use text-to-speech software to read the text aloud for visually impaired, elderly or dyslexic people or just for convenience. [166] Additionally, e-readers allow readers to look up words or find more information about the topic immediately using an online dictionary. [167][168][169] Amazon reports that 85% of its e-book readers look up a word while reading. [170] Printed books use three times more water to produce when compared to e-books. [171] A 2017 study found that even when accounting for the emissions created in manufacturing the e-reader device,

substituting more than 4.7 print books a year resulted in less greenhouse gas emissions than print.[172] While an e-reader costs more than most individual books, e-books may be made available for less than the price of traditional books using on-demand book printers.[174] Moreover, numerous e-books are available online free of charge on sites such as Project Gutenberg.[175] For example, all books printed before 1923 are in the public domain in the United States, which enables websites to host ebook versions of such titles for free.[176] Depending on possible digital rights management, e-books (unlike physical books) can be backed up and recovered in the case of loss or damage to the device on which they are stored, a new copy can be downloaded without incurring an additional cost from the distributor. "The European Union has decided that ebooks are really books, after all". 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